UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN

LYNN MARIE FOUTCH,

Plaintiff,

 \mathbf{v}_{ullet}

Case No. 25-CV-59

LYNN MARIE KNOBLOCH,

Defendant.

ORDER

On January 13, 2025, Lynn Marie Foutch filed a complaint against her given name at birth, Lynn Marie Knobloch, pursuant to federal admiralty and maritime law, 28 U.S.C. § 1333. (Docket # 1.) In a decision and order dated February 3, 2025, I dismissed the complaint for failure to state a claim upon which relief may be granted. (Docket # 8.) Judgment was entered the next day. (Docket # 9.)

On March 10, 2025, Foutch filed a document entitled "Petition for a Declaratory Judgment." (Docket # 10.) In the petition, Foutch asserts that her complaint was erroneously dismissed. (*Id.* at 5.) Thus, I construe Foutch's petition as a motion for reconsideration. Foutch's motion, however, was filed more than 28 days after entry of the judgment. Accordingly, it is not governed by Fed. R. Civ. P. 59(e). As such, I will consider the motion as a request for relief from judgment pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 60(b).

Under Rule 60(b), a court may relieve a party from a final judgment under multiple articulated circumstances. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 60(b). These are:

(1) mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect;

- (2) newly discovered evidence that, with reasonable diligence, could not have been discovered in time to move for a new trial under Rule 59(b);
- (3) fraud (whether previously called intrinsic or extrinsic), misrepresentation, or misconduct by an opposing party;
- (4) the judgment is void;
- (5) the judgment has been satisfied, released, or discharged; it is based on an earlier judgment that has been reversed or vacated; or applying it prospectively is no longer equitable; or
- (6) any other reason that justifies relief.

Id. "Relief from judgment under Rule 60(b) may be granted at the broad discretion of the trial judge." Del Carmen v. Emerson Elec. Co., Com. Cam Div., 908 F.2d 158, 161 (7th Cir. 1990) (internal quotation and citation omitted). Relief from judgment under Rule 60(b), however, is warranted "only upon a showing of extraordinary circumstances that create a substantial danger that the underlying judgment was unjust." Id. (internal quotations and citations omitted).

In her petition, Foutch asserts that Lynn Marie Knobloch is a registered organization, as demonstrated by her birth certificate, thus allowing her to sue herself. (Docket # 10 at 3–5.) I previously considered and dismissed this claim. (Docket # 8.) Foutch has not demonstrated that relief from judgment is warranted. Foutch's petition for declaratory judgment (Docket # 10) is denied.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated at Milwaukee, Wisconsin this 22nd day of April, 2025.

BY THE COURT

NANCY JOSEPH

United States Magistrate Judge